# RC CAP Workshop - Jan 13, 2021

13 - 19 Jan 2022

Poll results

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- Which of the following potential strategies do you think would be most effective in reducing GHG emissions from on-road transportation?
- Which of the following potential strategies do you think would be most effective in reducing GHG emissions from nonresidential buildings (e.g., retail stores, offices, industrial businesses)?
- Which of the following potential strategies do you think would be most effective in reducing GHG emissions from residential buildings?
- Which climate effect are you most concerned about?
- Which of the following potential adaptation strategies are most important to you?
- What other strategies do you think should be included to adapt to impacts identified in the Vulnerability Assessment?

### Which of the following potential strategies do you think would be most effective in reducing GHG emissions from on-road transportation? (1/2)



### Which of the following potential strategies do you think would be most effective in reducing GHG emissions from on-road transportation? (2/2)

6. On-demand ridehailing (Uber/Lyft)

1.53

iking poll	
nich of the following potential strategies do u think would be most effective in reducing IG emissions from nonresidential buildings g., retail stores, offices, industrial sinesses)?	19
Getting electricity from zero emission sources (solar, wind	l) 3.79
On-site power (solar, batteries) in new buildings	3.11
Retrofitting existing buildings for energy efficiency	2.90
Replacing natural gas with zero emissions fuels	1.84
Using electricity instead of natural gas in new buildings	1.79
	king poll   nich of the following potential strategies do   u think would be most effective in reducing   G emissions from nonresidential buildings   g., retail stores, offices, industrial   sinesses)?   Getting electricity from zero emission sources (solar, wind On-site power (solar, batteries) in new buildings Retrofitting existing buildings for energy efficiency Replacing natural gas with zero emissions fuels Using electricity instead of natural gas in new buildings

### Which of the following potential strategies do you think would be most effective in reducing GHG emissions from residential buildings?



1.	Getting electricity from zero emission sources (solar, winc		
		3.55	
2.	On-site power (solar, batteries) in new buildings		
		2.95	
3.	Retrofitting for existing buildings for energy efficiency		
		2.85	
4.	Using electricity instead of natural gas in new buildings		
		2.25	
4.	Replacing natural gas with zero emissions fuels		
		2.25	

# Which climate effect are you most concerned about?



### Which of the following potential adaptation strategies are most important to you? (1/2)



### Which of the following potential adaptation strategies are most important to you? (2/2)



1.69

#### **Open text poll**



### What other strategies do you think should be included to adapt to impacts identified in the Vulnerability Assessment? (1/2)

- Wildfire-induced bad air impacts our lives and the education and fitness loss (or exposure) for kids when schools are impacted. City can help invest in local school infra to keep air safer at school.
- More bike lanes.
- Provide rebates to homeowners/multifamily housing developers to switch over to drought resistant plants and rebates for meeting water saving goals.
- Recommend providing land to

build Natural Gas Electricity plant. Easy to turn on, off for high peak and also more dependable than solar and wind. I have personal Design experience.

- Consider modifications to housing development, from large single family detached homes to low and high rise multifamily residential dwellings
- Gray water program (new construction) Rain barrel program Organic/food waste program City solar subsidies



- Do a better job of community buy-in for increased tree canopy to mitigate heat impacts
- Stabilizing the long-term domestic water supply while preserving water sources for ecosystems.
- Air quality filtering systems for businesses and residential

